

15CIV13/23

## First/Second Semester B.E. Degree Examination, July/August 2021 Elements of Civil Engineering and Engineering Mechanics

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 80

## Note: Answer any FIVE full questions.

1 a. Explain the scopes of i) Geo Technical Engineering
ii) Water Resources Engineering.
(04 Marks)
b. Define couple. List the characteristics of a couple.
(04 Marks)
c. Convert the given force system shown in Fig.Q.1(c) into an equivalent force-couple system acting at A.
(08 Marks)

$$
F=20 \mathrm{kN}
$$



2 a. State principle of transmissibility of forces. What are its limitations?
(04 Marks)
b. Draw neat cross section of earthen dam. Indicate different components on it.
(04 Marks)
c. The moment of certain force ' F ' is $200 \mathrm{kN}-\mathrm{m}$ ' anticlockwise about ' K ' and $100 \mathrm{kN}-\mathrm{m}$ clockwise about ' $L$ '. If the moment of ' $F$ ' about ' $J$ ' is zero, determine the force ' $F$ ', its inclination and position and show it on the diagram (Ref. Fig.Q.2(c)).
(08 Marks)


3 a. State and prove Varignon's theorem.
(08 Marks)
b. Calculate the resultant reaction at A and force in the cable BC (Ref. Fig.Q.3(b)). (08 Marks)


4 a. Explain with sketches the i) Hinged support ii) Roller support.
b. Find the magnitude, direction and position of the resultant for the system of forces shown in Fig.Q.4(b) with respect to ' P '.
(10 Marks)


5 a. Define Equilibrant.
(02 Marks)
b. For the force system shown in Fig.Q.5(b), calculate ' $h$ ' for equilibrium.
(06 Marks)

c. Calculate the horizontal force ' P ' required for limiting equilibrium. Take coefficient of friction on 0.3 (Ref.Fig.Q.5(c)).
(08 Marks)


6 a. Define : i) Core of friction ii) Angle of friction.
( 2 Marks)
b. Calculate the forces in the members $A B$, $A D$ given force in $A C$ is 100 N and the force
b. Calculate the forces in the members $\mathrm{AB}, \mathrm{AD}$ given force in AC is 100 N and the force system is in equilibrium (Ref. Fig.Q.6(b)).
(06 Marks)


Fig.Q.6(b)
c. Calculate the angles $\alpha$ and $\beta$, given that the force 1400 N shown in Fig.Q.6(c) is the resultant of $F_{1}$ and $F_{2}$.
(08 Marks)


7 a. Establish the centroidal distance of a quarter circle from first principles.
(06 Marks)
b. Find the polar moment of inertia for the area shown in Fig.Q.7(b).


Fig.Q.7(b)
8 a. Explain: i) Radius of gyration (ii) Parallel axes theorem.
(06 Marks)
b. Calculate the coordinates of centroid of the area shown in Fig.Q.8(b) with respect to "P".


Fig.Q.8(b)
9 a. What is superelevation?
b. Derive the equation of super elevation $\tan \theta=\frac{\nu^{2}}{\mathrm{gr}}$ with usual notations.
(04 Marks)
c. An aeroplane goes into a vertical power drive directly over its target at a constant velocity of 1000 kmph . An anti-aircraft gun fires a shell vertically upwards with an initial velocity of $683 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}$ when the plane is at 1920 m elevation. Find the elevation and time at which the shell hit the plane.
If the shell missed the plane and the plane released a bomb at 1500 m elevation, how long thereafter would the bomb reach the target at zero eleyation? With what velocity the bomb strikes the target?
(10 Marks)
10 a. Show that the path traced by a projectile is a parabola.
(04 Marks)
b. A car starts from a station and moves with constant acceleration. It covers a distance of 19 m during tenth second of its motion. Find the acceleration and velocity after $9^{\text {th }}$ and $10^{\text {th }}$ second from start.
(06 Marks)
c. A bird is sitting on a wall of 10 m height. A shooter 25 m away from the wall shoots at the bird with an initial velocity of $28 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}$. Calculate the angle at which he should shoot at the target.
(06 Marks)

